

# MIGRAMED 2019

Refugees and Migrants in Turkey

3 October 2019, Istanbul

welcome  
selamat datang  
degemer mad  
tere tulemast  
dobrodošli  
karibuni  
murakaza neza  
chào mừng  
ようこそ  
тавтай морилогтун  
benvenuti  
vekömö  
ékabô  
eguahé porá  
ngiyanemukela  
benvenguts

binvignut  
환영합니다  
benvinguts  
tervetuloa  
benvido  
mikouabô  
bem-vindos  
laipni lūdzam  
welkom  
𐎧𐎺𐎠𐎿𐎶  
xush kelibsiz  
willkommen  
karibu  
bine aṭi venit  
добре дошли  
welkomma

vítejte  
wëllkom  
καλῶς ἤρθατε  
fáilte  
ਜੀ ਆਇਆ ਨੂੰ  
bienvenue  
velkomin  
sveiki atvykę  
tonga soa  
mishto-avilian tú  
歡迎  
добро пожаловать  
aayuboovan  
nodé  
шчыра запрашаем  
benènnidu

velkommen  
mirè se vini  
zupinje z te videtite  
bienvéni  
merḥba  
üdvözlöm  
welkom  
maligayang pagdating  
miawezon  
witamy  
bienvenidos  
swagata  
स्वागत  
добрэдојдовте  
kenang ka kgotso  
haere mai

Được tiếp đãi ân cần  
المرس و الءا  
bonavinuta  
boyeyi bolamu  
歡迎光臨  
ne y waoongo  
välkomna  
מיאבה מיכורב  
mauya  
ຍິນດີຕ້ອນຮັບ  
mirè se vjen  
maayong pag-abot  
Üdvözlet  
soo dhowow  
hoş geldiniz  
aloha

- UNHCR Turkey in July 2019 states that **368.400 non-Syrian asylum seekers/refugees** are registered as peoples of concern within UNHCR Turkey; with **170.000 Afghans, 142.000 Iraqis, 39.000 Iranians, 5.700 Somalians and 11.700 other nationalities.**
- <https://www.unhcr.org/tr/en/unhcr-turkey-stats>

- Caritas in Turkey started to work with refugees in 1991 – Gulf War
- Continues the work since then without any break
- From any country, any religion, ethnic group, gender etc
- Started for Syrian refugees in 2012 both in Istanbul and in Hatay and also in many of the satellite cities
- Mainly social work: need assessment counselling, providing information, referrals, accompaniment
- Support for basic needs, psycho-social empowerment, support for integration, support for medical needs
- Dioceses in Anatolia, Izmir and Istanbul started a year ago a joint project to respond to the basic needs

- The number of Syrians registered 3.666.059 (19 September 2019)
- %46.69 are between 0-18 years old
- %70.19 are 0-18 years old plus all women
- %28.68 is below 10 years old
- In Turkey, average age is 31,7 and for Syrians this number is 22.58.
- Only %1,72 of the total number: in the camps

- 548.926 Syrians registered in Istanbul
- 450.207 Syrians registered in Antep
- 439.032 in Hatay
  
- In Kilis, 81.40% of the total population is in Kilis
- 4.47% of the registered population in Turkey are consists of Syrians

- 92.280 Syrians were given citizenship until August 2019.
- In the last 8 years 405.521 Syrian babies were born in Turkey
- Only 31.185 of among non-citizen, registered Syrians work with work permit.
- 15.159 companies have either a Syrian owner or a Syrian shareholder.

- Unicef' 2019 August figures: around 650 thousand Syrian children are **registered** to schools
- But around 400 thousand of Syrian children still don't have access to education.
- Registration to school for irregular refugees and migrants without any registration (?)



- Ministry of Internal Affairs has announced that the captured irregular immigrant number has increased by %42 (from 158.00 to 235.000) in the first eight months of 2019 relative to the same period last year. The captures in Edirne during the first eight months has increased %70 relative to the same period last year.
- <https://www.goc.gov.tr/duzensiz-gocle-mucadele-hakkinda-basin-aciklamasi>

- On July 18, the General Directorate of Migration Management announced that the Syrians who are involved in crime and who are not registered will be deported
- On 6<sup>th</sup> of August Istanbul Governorate have announced that **12 474 irregular migrants were transferred to cities with Deportation Centers between 12-31 of July**. And that 2 630 Syrians who have not been registered in any city have been transferred to temporary shelters.

- INGEV's report, average monthly income per person is 252 TL. Their greatest satisfaction living in Turkey is "safety" while their greatest concern is the future of their families.
- Their produce is by and large sold to Syrian community and the Arabic speaking countries.
- Also according to the study, **the Syrian issue is constituting the most important social tension line that the country faces.**
- Only the %44 appreciates Turkey's response but the majority wants the Syrians to return back and only %17 thinks that the country has to work on Syrian integration to Turkey.

- Asylum system in Turkey (?)
- Temporary protection (?)
- Health, education, basic needs, shelter, livelihood, rights, work
- Residence permit, satellite cities
- Durable solutions (?)
- Human trafficking (?)
- Solidarity vs social tensions (?)

- Durable solutions: (resettlement quotas and either permanent residence like safe and sustainable solution)
- UNHCR's role to work for more for durable solutions
- 'Temporary' until when ?
- International protection is provided but no durable solution or permanent status (?)
- Revision of process for citizenship for all groups...Geographical limitation (?)
- State and social groups (NGOs etc) should work together more for social cohesion

- For ‘integration’ to host community empowering refugees (there are important steps forward like Turkish courses, schooling etc but still needs to be done more)
- Economic integration (grants and credits, vocational trainings, housing programs)
- Protection of children (against early marriage, child labor, bullying at schools)
- Work to eliminate social tensions against refugees but mainly against Syrians
- NGO programs all over Turkey not only in certain cities

- Readmission from Europe to Turkey is not a solution unless better economic and social conditions are created in Turkey
- Turkey or any country can not respond to such a big crisis without a meaningful support.
- Expected Istanbul Earthquake (?)

# Thank you

